P425/1 PURE MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 **April. 2025** 3 hours



NAKAWA UNION VISION SECONDARY SCHOOL

Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

END OF TERM I EXAMINATIONS 2025

PURE MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES;

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. Section A is compulsory.

Answer only five questions from section B.

Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.

All necessary working **must** be shown clearly.

Begin each answer on a fresh page.

Graph paper is provided.

Silent, non-programmable scientific calculators and mathematical tables with list formulae may be used.

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section.

1. Solve the equation
$$log_2^x - log_x^8 = 2$$
. (05 marks)

2. Prove the identity
$$\frac{\sec\theta\sin\theta}{\tan\theta + \cot\theta} = \sin^2\theta.$$
 (05 marks)

3. If
$$y = e^{\tan^{-1}x}$$
, Show that $(1+x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (2x-1)\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$.

(05 marks)

- 4. Find the perpendicular distance of a point P (3,1,7) from the line $r = 3i + j 2k + \lambda(2i j + 2k). \tag{05 marks}$
- Calculate the total area bounded by the curve, $y = 3x^2 6x$ the x axis and the lines x = -1 and x = 2. (05 marks)
- 6. Find the possible values of k if the quadratic equation $2kx^2 8x + 1 = 2k(x 2)$ has equal roots. (05 marks)
- 7. Using Maclaurin's theorem, expand $y = x + \ln(1 + x)$ as far as the term in x^3 .
- **8.** Determine the equation of the circle with centre at (1,5) and has a tangent passing through the points A (-1, 2) and B (0, -2). (05 marks)

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Answer any **five** questions from this section

- 9. (a) Solve the equation $5 \sin \theta \cos 2\theta + 3 = 0$ for values of θ in the range $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$. (05 marks)
 - (b) Given that where A is a $\cos A = \frac{-8}{17}$ and $\tan B = \frac{5}{11}$ reflex angle and B is an acute angle. Without using tables or calculator, find the value of $4 \sin A + 5 \sin B$. to three significant figures. (07 marks)
- **10.** (a) Given that:

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 11x + 6$$
, and $f(3) = 0$
factorise $f(x)$. (05 marks)

(b) Show that $\sqrt{\frac{1+2x}{1-x}} = 1 + \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{3}{8}x^2 + \cdots$ By substituting x = 0.02, deduce the value of $\sqrt{13}$ to 3 significant figures.

(07 marks)

- 11. The curve is given parametrically by the equation $x = \frac{t}{1+t}$ and $y = \frac{t^2}{1+t}$
 - (a) Find the Cartesian equation of the curve. (02 marks)
 - (b) Determine the turning points of the curve. (04 marks)
 - (c) Sketch the curve. (04 marks)
- 12. (a) Use the mathematics of small changes to evaluate sin 29.5° to 4dps. (05 marks)
 - (b) A right circular cone has a slant length of $9\sqrt{3}$ cm. calculate the maximum volume of the cone: and state the corresponding values of the height and radius in this case. (07marks)

13. Given that
$$r_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $r_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

- (a) Find the coordinates of their point of intersection. (04 marks)
- (b) Calculate the acute angle between the lines. (04 marks)
- (c) Find the Cartesian equation of the plane containing the lines.

(04 marks)

- 14. (a) Given that, $Z_1 = \frac{7-i}{3-4i}$ Express Z_1 in the form a + bi. Hence or otherwise express Z_1 in polar form. (05 marks)
 - (b) Find the equation of the locus $|Z + Z_1 2| = 3$, given that Z = x + iy, hence Sketch the locus above. (07 marks)
- **15.** (a) If, $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)$ Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ (05 marks)
- **16.** Evaluate $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x 2}{(x^2 + 2)(x + 1)} dx$ (07 marks)
- 17. (a) Find the length of the tangent from (5,7) to the circle $x^2 + y^2 4x 6y + 9 = 0$ (05 marks)
 - (b) A circle touches both x-axis and the line 4x 3y + 4 = 0. Its centre is in the first quadrant and lies on the line x y 1 = 0. Prove that its equation is. $x^2 + y^2 6x 4y + 9 = 0$

(07 marks)

END